Mental Health Rehabilitation Centers (MHRCs)

(The information below is not an exhaustive list. For a complete list of resident rights, please contact the Patient Advocacy Program at (619) 282-1134.)

California Code of Regulations, Title 9, § 784.31. Clients’ Rights.
(a) Clients served by a mental health rehabilitation center shall have all the rights guaranteed pursuant to Section 5325 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, a list of which shall be prominently posted in English, Spanish and any other language representing at least five percent of the county population in which the mental health rehabilitation center is located.
(b) Any denial of clients’ rights in a mental health rehabilitation center must be for good cause and be in accordance with the requirements included in Sections 860 through 865.5.

California Welfare and Institutions Code Section 5325.

Each person involuntarily detained for evaluation or treatment under provisions of this part, and each person admitted as a voluntary patient for psychiatric evaluation or treatment to any health facility, as defined in Section 1250 of the Health and Safety Code, in which psychiatric evaluation or treatment is offered, shall have the following rights, a list of which shall be prominently posted in the predominant languages of the community and explained in a language or modality accessible to the patient in all facilities providing those services, and otherwise brought to his or her attention by any additional means as the Director of Health Care Services may designate by regulation. Each person committed to a state hospital shall also have the following rights, a list of which shall be prominently posted in the predominant languages of the community and explained in a language or modality accessible to the patient in all facilities providing those services and otherwise brought to his or her attention by any additional means as the Director of State Hospitals may designate by regulation:
(a) To wear his or her own clothes; to keep and use his or her own personal possessions including his or her toilet articles; and to keep and be allowed to spend a reasonable sum of his or her own money for canteen expenses and small purchases.
(b) To have access to individual storage space for his or her private use.
(c) To see visitors each day.
(d) To have reasonable access to telephones, both to make and receive confidential calls or to have such calls made for them.
(e) To have ready access to letter writing materials, including stamps, and to mail and receive unopened correspondence.
(f) To refuse convulsive treatment including, but not limited to, any electroconvulsive treatment, any treatment of the mental condition which depends on the induction of a convulsion by any means, and insulin coma treatment.
(g) To refuse psychosurgery. Psychosurgery is defined as those operations currently referred to as lobotomy, psychiatric surgery, and behavioral surgery, and all other forms of brain surgery if the surgery is performed for the purpose of any of the following:
(1) Modification or control of thoughts, feelings, actions, or behavior rather than the treatment of a known and diagnosed physical disease of the brain.
(2) Modification of normal brain function or normal brain tissue in order to control thoughts, feelings, actions, or behavior.
(3) Treatment of abnormal brain function or abnormal brain tissue in order to modify thoughts, feelings, actions or behavior when the abnormality is not an established cause for those thoughts, feelings, actions, or behavior. Psychosurgery does not include prefrontal sonic treatment wherein there is no destruction of brain tissue. The Director of Health Care Services and the Director of State Hospitals shall promulgate appropriate regulations to assure adequate protection of patients’ rights in such treatment.

(h) To see and receive the services of a patient advocate who has no direct or indirect clinical or administrative responsibility for the person receiving mental health services.

(i) Other rights, as specified by regulation.